

Letter No. FFL/SEC/2024-25/SE-113**Date: 16.11.2024**

The Manager Listing Department National Stock Exchange of India Limited Exchange Plaza, Plot No. C/1, G Block Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai - 400 051 Scrip Code: FUSION	The Manager Listing Department BSE Limited Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers Dalal Street, Mumbai - 400 001 Scrip Code: 543652
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Sub: Regulation 47 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 – Submission of Newspaper Publication Cutting

Dear Sir/Ma'am,

In accordance with Regulation 47 and other applicable provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, we are enclosing herewith copies of Newspaper publication of unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter and Half year ended September 30, 2024 published in Financial Express and Jansatta on November 16, 2024.

The Board Meeting in which the aforesaid unaudited financial results are approved, commenced at 5:00 PM on November 14, 2024 which continued till 11:45 PM and after adjournment, the same meeting resumed at 10:00 AM and concluded at 08:20 PM on November 15, 2024.

Further, this is to inform that the Trading Window of the Company, which was closed w.e.f. October 01, 2024, shall open on November 18, 2024 i.e. after the end of 48 hours from the declaration of unaudited financial results for the Quarter and Half year ended September 30, 2024.

Kindly take the same on your record.

**Thanking you,
Sincerely,**

**For Fusion Finance Limited
(Formerly Fusion Micro Finance Limited)**

**Deepak Madaan
Company Secretary & Chief Compliance Officer
Membership No. A24811
Place: Gurugram**

China emission curbs task: 66% between now & 2030

AMITABH SINHA
Baku, November 15

IN A FIRST-OF-ITS-KIND assessment of emissions reductions required from China, a new analysis has found that the world's largest emitter must reduce its emissions by at least 66% from current levels for the world to remain on track to meet the 1.5 degree Celsius climate objective in 2030.

The analysis, by Carbon Action Tracker (CAT), an independent scientific project, essentially means that the 1.5 degree Celsius target would be missed if China did not cut down its emissions by more than half in a span of just six years, an extremely improbable event. China, which accounts for nearly 30 per cent of annual global emissions, currently has no emission reduction targets, and its emissions are still growing year on year. A report released earlier this week said China's emissions in 2024 were likely to be 0.2 per cent higher than the previous year. It was originally aiming to let its emissions peak only in 2030, but recent estimates suggest that the peaking might happen by 2025 at the latest.

China's emission's have grown nearly four-fold since 1990. It is the world's largest



Activists participate in a demonstration against fossil fuels at the COP29 UN Climate Summit, in Baku, Azerbaijan, on Friday

emitter since 2006, but because it is categorised as a developing country in the global climate architecture, it is not mandated to make absolute emission cuts like the developed nations. But without large emissions cuts from China, all climate targets, including the global net-zero, would be very difficult to be achieved. China's own target of a net-zero status by 2060 would require it to reduce its emissions by at least 27 per cent by 2035, the analysis said.

The Carbon Action Tracker's analysis found that the United

States must reduce its emissions by at least 65 per cent from 2005 levels by 2030.

The US is currently aiming to achieve 50-52 per cent reduction by that time, and even appears threatened now because of election of Donald Trump as President.

India's emissions in 2030 must not be more than 25% above 2005 levels to remain a net-zero status by 2060 would require it to reduce its emissions by at least 27 per cent by 2035, the analysis said.

The Carbon Action Tracker's analysis found that the United

near future.

The CAT analysis is the latest reminder of the near-impossible target that the world is pursuing for 2030. The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) estimated that global emissions would have to decline 43% from 2019 levels by 2030 to keep alive hopes for remaining within the 1.5 degree Celsius



COP29
Baku,
Azerbaijan

'Unfair' climate-linked trade measures slammed

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, November 15

DEVELOPING COUNTRIES STRONGLY opposed unilateral trade measures disguised as climate actions at the COP29 climate talks on Friday, calling them "discriminatory" and harmful to global cooperation. They argued these measures violate the principles of equity and common but differentiated responsibilities (CBDR).

China, on behalf of the BASIC group of countries, submitted a proposal to the UN climate body last month requesting that this year's climate talks address the issue of unilateral trade measures such as the European Union's Carbon

Border Adjustment Mechanism (CBAM).

Although the proposal did not make it to the formal agenda even after a prolonged debate on the first day of the summit, COP29 president Mukhtar Babayev announced consultations on the issue, with outcomes to be shared at the conference's conclusion.

Making an intervention in the presidential consultations



Inger Andersen, executive director, UNEP (left), and Mukhtar Babayev, COP29 president, at a ministerial breakfast on Friday

on Friday, India said this is a matter of global concern that needs urgent consideration to ensure the development pathways of developing countries are not constricted.

Other groups of developing countries, including the G77, the largest bloc representing over 130 nations at the UN climate talks, and Like-Minded Developing Countries also registered their strong opposition on the issue.

However, developed countries, particularly the European Union, argued that the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) is not the right platform to discuss this issue, as it is already being addressed by the World Trade Organization.

India said restrictive unilateral measures force developing and low-income nations to bear the costs of transitioning to low-carbon economies, undermining climate finance commitments from developed nations, which have historically benefited from industrialisation and contributed the most to greenhouse gas emissions.

"They effectively will result in the reversal of climate finance mobilised by the developed countries. It is like asking the victim to pay for the remedy. Any unilateral measures in the name of climate change responses are discriminatory towards developing countries and detrimental to multilateral cooperation," it said.

● NAVEEN KHANDELWAL, CEO, BRIGHTNIGHT

'Clarity on financial support key to meeting climate targets'

THE GREEN ENERGY industry has long been demanding increased financing to tackle climate change, a key agenda in the ongoing climate change conference COP29. Meeting global climate goals will require over \$1 trillion annually by 2030, far beyond the current commitments, Naveen Khandelwal, CEO of BrightNight, tells Arunima Bharadwaj in an interview. It's been fifteen years since the \$100-billion annual target was set, and this year's New Collective Quantified Goal (NCQG) aims to address the glaring gap. Khandelwal is optimistic that with the new NCQG, capital flow will expand to under-served regions, ensuring a global transition to renewable energy. In India's case, he highlighted that financing for new technologies and emerging markets remains tough. Excerpts:

What are likely to be the key focus areas and agendas in the COP29? What are your expectations?

COP29 could be the pivotal moment to establish a realistic financial strategy for climate action. It's been fifteen years since the \$100-billion annual target was set, and this year's NCQG aims to address the glaring gap. The core questions—how much, from whom, and to whom—need definitive answers to move forward. As weather extremes worsen and the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) warns of a potential 2.4°C

rise, there is no denying the existence of climate change -- the urgency of climate action is at an all-time high. A focus on funding adaptation finance for vulnerable nations, along with transparent financial structures, would hence be a powerful step.

This summit has the chance to create meaningful investment pathways, particularly for developing nations, balancing growth with green transition.

Clarity on financial support could catalyse the global cooperation essential for our climate goals.

How has the investment in the RE sector been over the last few years and how do you see the trend going forward?

Investment in renewables has grown, reaching around \$500 billion annually, but remains unevenly distributed, heavily favouring developed nations. India has made impressive progress, now seeing annual investments of over \$20 billion in renewables, thanks to strong policies and private sector confidence. However, the funding gap remains significant, especially for adaptation needs in more vulnerable nations. Meeting global climate goals will require over \$1 trillion annually by 2030, far beyond current commitments.

Developed nations must step up their funding, especially for adaptation projects, while international financial institutions and the private sector have

INDIA HAS MADE SIGNIFICANT STRIDES, ATTRACTING OVER \$20 BILLION ANNUALLY IN RE INVESTMENTS, DRIVEN BY STRONG POLICIES & PRIVATE SECTOR CONFIDENCE

vital roles to play. With new frameworks like NCQG, I'm optimistic that capital flow will expand to underserved regions, ensuring a global transition to renewables.

What are the key challenges for the energy companies in realising the ambitious targets set under COP conferences and tripling the RE till 2030? What can be done to mitigate these?

Tripling renewable capacity by 2030 is ambitious, but barriers loom large for certain countries, starting with capital access. In India's case, financing for new technologies and

emerging markets remains tough, affecting the pace of innovation. Energy companies also face logistical challenges like scaling infrastructure and ensuring grid stability amidst renewables' intermittent nature, while recent trade headwinds add further complexity.

To address this, local governments can streamline regulations and provide stable policies that boost investor confidence. International institutions must increase financial support and risk mitigation, creating an ecosystem where energy companies can hit their targets and help drive a sustainable future.

What is your outlook on India's renewable energy sector?

India's renewable journey is impressive, with over 175 GW capacity and a path towards 500 GW by 2030. The "Panchamrit" pledge at COP26 set a bold precedent, backed by strong incentives for solar and wind. Yet, it's been a tightrope walk for a country aiming for developed-nation status by 2047, as India realises it cannot support its

climate fight alone. Future success depends on global support—financial, technological and political—so India can continue its green growth without trade-offs on economic ambitions.

I'm optimistic that with the right backing, India will lead by example, showing sustainable growth is possible for emerging economies.

How do you assess the outcome of COP28 and the action that followed?

COP28 saw promising steps, including the pledge to double adaptation finance to \$300 billion per year by 2030 and a reaffirmation of the \$100-billion annual climate finance goal. The Loss and Damage Fund's official launch was significant, though its finer points remain in progress. But the real challenge is translating these pledges into action. For nations like India, the key will be accessing funds targeted at adaptation and resilience, as climate challenges intensify.

From Sharm el-Sheikh to Para, COP29 should bridge the gap, prioritising global tech innovation and financing. As climate extremes grow and nations face pressing energy and geopolitical challenges, a strong, coordinated response is long overdue. COP29 must deliver on action and accountability, bringing in the funding commitments that vulnerable countries need to avoid bearing the climate burden alone.

Jewellers face challenges as wedding season, Maha polls clash

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
Mumbai, November 15

JEWELLERS ARE FACING challenges in doing hassle-free business during the peak wedding season, which has coincided with the Maharashtra Assembly polls this year, as their goods and bank accounts are being seized by officials despite having relevant papers, an industry body said.

The Model Code Conduct (MCC) is in place in Maharashtra since October 15 in view of the polls on November 20. To enforce the code, the Election Commission (EC) has constituted flying squads and surveillance teams across the state to check movement of unaccounted cash and goods which can be used to induce voters.

"We have received clarity from the EC office regarding movement of goods and we are thankful to them. However, jewellers are still facing challenges like seizing of their accounts despite showing all the necessary documents, which are hindering seamless business during the wedding season," All India Gem and Jewellery Domestic Council (GJC) chairman Saiyam Mehra said.

He said the goods seized by officials working EC direction will only be returned after the elections are over.

Mehra stated that the gems and jewellery industry, a major job creator, is expecting incentives and tax concessions in Maharashtra, a key market for them, when a new government is formed after announcement of poll results on November 23.

"The gems and jewellery industry in Maharashtra is expecting a significant growth post-elections and we will be making a representation before the government to create more jewellery parks and CFCs (Common Facility Centres). Also, employment generation should be a priority," he noted.

For large manufacturing units, he maintained, the industry is expecting relief in electricity charges and also increase in limit for the collateral-free business loan to ₹5 crore from ₹2 crore now.



Ekansh Concepts Limited						
(formerly known as Paramone Concepts Limited)						
CIN: L74110MH1992PLC070070						
Reg Office : A 403, 4th Floor, Mittal Commercial, Marol, Andheri East, Mumbai, Maharashtra - 400059						
e-mail: info@ekanshconcepts.com, website: www.ekanshconcepts.com, Tel: +91-022-47781806						
EXTRACT OF UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER & HALF YEAR ENDED ON SEPTEMBER 30, 2024						
(Rs. in Lakhs except EPS)						
Sr. No.	Particulars	Quarter Ended			Half Year Ended	
		Un-Audited 30.09.2024	Un-Audited 30.06.2024	Un-Audited 30.09.2023	Un-Audited 30.09.2024	Audited 31.03.2024
1	Total Income from Operations	2270.37	991.85	894.07	3262.22	1557.58
	(a) Revenue from Operation	1786.59	903.49	573.44	2690.08	1092.73
	(b) Other Income	483.78	88.36	320.63	572.14	464.85
2	Net profit/(Loss) for the period before tax (before exceptional items)	199.24	94.57	61.69	293.82	93.98
3	Net profit/(Loss) for the period before tax (after exceptional items)	199.24	94.57	61.69	293.82	93.98
4	Net profit/(Loss) for the period after tax (after exceptional items)	187.48	39.65	39.26	227.13	62.47
5	Total Comprehensive (Loss)/Income for the period (Comprising profit/(Loss) for the period after tax and other Comprehensive (Loss)/Income after tax)	-26.62	302.5	291.61	275.88	544.87
6	Reserves as shown in Audited Balance Sheet					3089.53
7	Paid up Equity Share Capital (face value of Rs. 10 each)	1512.76	1512.76	1512.76	1512.76	1512.76
8	Earning per share (quarter and half year numbers are not annualised)					
	(a) Basic (Rs.)	1.24	0.26	0.26	1.50	0.41
	(a) Diluted (Rs.)	1.24	0.26	0.26	1.50	0.41
Notes:						
1. The above Unaudited Consolidated financial results for the Quarter and Half Year Ended on September 30, 2024, have been reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Board and recommended for approval and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on November 14, 2024 and the Statutory Auditors of the Company have issued an unmodified review report.						
2. Key data relating to standalone financial results of Ekansh Concepts Limited are as follows: (Rs. in Lakhs)						
Sr. No.	Particulars	Quarter Ended			Half Year Ended	
		Un-Audited 30.09.2024	Un-Audited 30.06.2024	Un-Audited 30.09.2023	Un-Audited 30.09.2024	Audited 31.03.2024
1	Total Income	2,270.37	991.85	894.07	3,262.22	1,557.58
2	Profit/(Loss) Before Tax	199.24	94.58	63.06	293.82	96.72
3	Profit/(Loss) after Tax	175.08	51.19	44.97	226.27	69.53
4	Total Comprehensive (Loss)/Income	-39.02	314.04	297.32	275.02	551.93
3. The above is an extract of the detailed format of the Standalone financial results for the Quarter and Half Year Ended on September 30, 2024 filed with the Stock Exchange under regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing and Other Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015. The full format of the standalone financial results and the Consolidated Financial Results for the Quarter and Half Year Ended on September 30, 2024 are available on the Stock Exchange websites i.e. www.bseindia.com and Company's Website: www.ekanshconcepts.com						
For Ekansh Concepts Limited						
Sd/- Heeralal Agarwal						
Whole Time Director & CFO						
DIN : 10269844						
Place: Mumbai						
Date: November 14, 2024						

Fusion Finance Limited						
(Formerly known as Fusion Micro Finance Limited)						
CIN: L65100DL1994PLC061287						
Registered office : H-1, C Block, Community Centre, Naraina Vihar, New Delhi-110028;						
Corporate office : Plot no. 86, Institutional Sector 32, Gurugram, Haryana- 122001;						
Contact Person: Deepak Madaan, Company Secretary and Chief Compliance Officer; Tel.: +91-124-6910500						
E-mail: companysecretary@fusionfin.com; Website: www.fusionfin.com						
Extract of Financial results for the quarter and half year ended September 30, 2024						
(₹ in crore unless otherwise stated)						
S. No.	Particulars	Quarter ended			Half year ended	
		September 30, 2024	June 30, 2024	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2023
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1	Total Income from Operations	691.55	688.32	546.64	1,379.87	1,077.71
2	Net Profit/(loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(410.21)	(50.72)	165.59	(460.93)	325.05
3	Net Profit/(loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(410.21)	(50.72)	165.59	(460.93)	325.05
4	Net Profit/(loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(305.04)	(35.62)	125.69	(340.66)	246.15
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/(loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(304.59)	(34.64)	126.33	(339.23)	247.03
6	Paid up Equity Share Capital (face value of ₹ 10/- each)	100.65	100.65	100.48	100.65	100.48
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	769.87	1,070.47	834.95	769.87	834.95
8	Securities Premium Account	1,652.15	1,647.52	1,641.50	1,652.15	1,641.50
9	Net worth	2,522.67	2,818.64	2,576.93	2,522.67	2,576.93
10	Earnings Per Share (face value of ₹ 10/- each) (not annualised for quarter ended)					
1.	Basic:	(30.31)	(3.54)	12.52	(33.85)	24.52
2.	Diluted:	(30.31)	(3.54)	12.43	(33.85)	24.35
Notes:						
1. The above results have been reviewed by Audit committee and approved by Board of Directors at their respective meetings commenced on November 14, 2024 and concluded on November 15, 2024 in accordance with requirement of the Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations, 2015"). The limited review of financial results for the quarter and half year ended September 30, 2024, have been conducted by the Statutory Auditors of the Company.						
2. The above is an extract of the detailed format of quarterly results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations 2015. The full format of the quarterly and half yearly financial results are available on the stock exchange website's i.e., National Stock Exchange (www.nseindia.com) and BSE Limited (www.bseindia.com) and can be accessed on the website of the Company (www.fusionfin.com).						
For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Fusion Finance Limited						
Sd/- Devesh Sachdev						
MD & CEO						
DIN: 02547111						
Place: Gurugram						
Date: November 15, 2024						

जेपी इन्फ्राटेक लिमिटेड					
पंजीकृत कार्यालय : सेक्टर-128, नोएडा-201304, उ.प्र., सीआईडी : एन45203प्रसी2007प्रीएसी033119 दूरभाष : 91 (120) 4690000, 2478000 ईमेल : jpinfra@jainfratech.com info@jainfratech.com www.jaypeeinfra.com .					
30 सितंबर 2024 को समाप्त तिमाही तथा औसत के असेलरप्राइसिंग एक्स वित्तीय परिणामों का सारांश					(र. लाख में ईईएस फ़िगर्स)
क्र.सं.	विवरण	समाप्त तिमाही		समाप्त अर्द्धवर्ष	
		30.09.2024 (असेलरप्राइसिंग)	30.09.2023 (असेलरप्राइसिंग)	30.09.2024 (असेलरप्राइसिंग)	30.09.2023 (असेलरप्राइसिंग)
1	परिचयावली से कुल आय	27,206	21,821	71,349	44,107
2	अवधि हेतु निवल लाभ/(हानि) (कर एवं आपदादिक एवं/अथवा असाधारण मदों से पूर्व)	9,276	7,905	20,039	16,126
3	कर पूर्व अवधि हेतु निवल लाभ/(हानि) (आपदादिक एवं/अथवा असाधारण मदों से उपरांत)	9,276	7,905	20,039	16,126
4	कर उपरांत अवधि हेतु निवल लाभ/(हानि) (आपदादिक एवं/अथवा असाधारण मदों से उपरांत)	9,276	7,905	20,039	16,126
5	अवधि हेतु कुल व्यापक आय [अवधि हेतु लाभ/(हानि) (कर उपरांत) तथा अन्य व्यापक आय (कर उपरांत) से समाविष्ट]	9,275	7,907	20,037	16,128
6	प्रदत्त समता अंश पूंजी (अंकित मूल्य र. 10/- प्रत्येक को)	12,514	14	12,514	14
7	आवधिकारियों (पूर्ववर्ती वर्ष के लेखापरीक्षणित घुलन-पत्र में निवेशितानुसार पुनर्मूल्यीकृत आवधिकार छोड़कर)				
8	सिक्कारिटीज प्रीमियम एकाउंट				
9	नेट वर्क	1,09,644	1,09,644	1,09,644	1,09,644
10	प्रदत्त ऋण पूंजी / बकाया ऋण	10,75,145	10,52,702	10,75,145	10,52,702
11	ऋण समता अनुपात	0.70	0.72	0.70	0.72
12	आय प्रति अंश (र. 10/- प्रत्येक को) (परिचालनत्त्व तथा अपरिचालित परिचालनों हेतु) (व्यापिकीकृत) :				
13	—मूलभूत (र. में)	1.52	1.35	3.28	2.98
14	—तत्कालीन (र. में)	1.52	1.35	3.28	2.98
15	पूँजी मोशन आरक्षित	-	-	-	-
16	ऋणपत्र मोशन आरक्षित	-	-	-	-
17	ऋण सेवा कवरेज अनुपात	88.26	377.81	187.76	824.17
18	बायज सेवा कवरेज अनुपात	88.26	377.81	187.76	824.17
विश्लेषण :-					
1. उपर्युक्त सारणी, सेबी (एचबीआर) दायित्व तथा प्रकटन अपेक्षाएं) विनियम, 2015 के विनियम 52 के अंतर्गत स्टॉक एक्सचेंजों के साथ दर्ज 30 सितंबर, 2024 को समाप्त तिमाही / अर्द्धवर्ष के असेलरप्राइसिंग एक्स वित्तीय परिणामों के विवरण प्रकाश में कर दिए गए हैं। विनियम 30 विनियम 2024 को समाप्त तिमाही / अर्द्धवर्ष के उपर्युक्त परिणामों का पूर्ण प्रकाश, असेलर स्टॉक एक्सचेंज और इंडिया लिमिटेड की वेबसाइट (www.nseindia.com), बीएसई लिमिटेड की वेबसाइट (www.bseindia.com) तथा साथ ही कंपनी की वेबसाइट (www.jaypeeinfra.com) पर भी उपलब्ध है।					
2. सेबी (एचबीआर) दायित्व तथा प्रकटन अपेक्षाएं) विनियम 2015 के विनियम 52(4) में संदर्भित आय तरह की मदों के बारे में, स्टॉक एक्सचेंज(ओं) नेशनल स्टॉक एक्सचेंज और इंडिया लिमिटेड (www.nseindia.com) और बीएसई लिमिटेड (www.bseindia.com) के सामने प्रकट किये गये हैं तथा कंपनी की वेबसाइट (www.jaypeeinfra.com) पर भी उपलब्ध है।					
जेपी इन्फ्राटेक लिमिटेड हेतु तथा उसकी ओर से देयोंग प्रदीप पटेल मुख्य वित्तीय अधिकारी आलोचक एवं प्रबंध निदेशक तथा सीईओ डीआईडी : 06645714					
दिनांक : 14 नवंबर 2024 स्थान : नोएडा					

[illegible][illegible]

Fusion Finance Limited (Formerly known as Fusion Micro Finance Limited) CIN: L65100DL1994PLC061287						
Registered address : H-1, C Block, Community Centre, Naraina Vihar, New Delhi-110028; Corporate office : Plot no. 86, Institutional Sector 32, Gurugram, Haryana- 122001; Contact Person: Deepak Madaan, Company Secretary and Chief Compliance Officer; Tel.: +91-124-6910500 E-mail: companysecretary@fusionfin.com ; Website: www.fusionfin.com						
Extract of Financial results for the quarter and half year ended September 30, 2024 (₹ in crore unless otherwise stated)						
S. No.	Particulars	Quarter ended			Half year ended	
		September 30, 2024	June 30, 2024	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2023
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
1	Total Income from Operations	691.55	688.32	546.64	1,379.87	1,077.71
2	Net Profit/(loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(410.21)	(50.72)	165.59	(460.93)	325.05
3	Net Profit/(loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(410.21)	(50.72)	165.59	(460.93)	325.05
4	Net Profit/(loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(305.04)	(35.62)	125.69	(340.68)	246.15
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit/(loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(304.59)	(34.64)	126.33	(339.23)	247.03
6	Paid up Equity Share Capital (face value of ₹ 10/- each)	100.65	100.65	100.48	100.65	100.48
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve)	769.87	1,070.47	834.95	769.87	834.95
8	Securities Premium Account	1,652.15	1,647.52	1,641.50	1,652.15	1,641.50
9	Net worth	2,522.67	2,818.64	2,576.93	2,522.67	2,576.93
10	Earnings Per Share (face value of ₹ 10 /- each) (not annualised for quarter ended)					
	1. Basic:	(30.31)	(3.54)	12.52	(33.85)	24.52
	2. Diluted:	(30.31)	(3.54)	12.43	(33.85)	24.35

Notes:

1. The above results have been reviewed by Audit committee and approved by Board of Directors at their respective meetings commenced on November 14, 2024 and concluded on November 15, 2024 in accordance with requirement of the Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations, 2015"). The limited review of financial results for the quarter and half year ended September 30, 2024, have been conducted by the Statutory Auditors of the Company.

2. The above is an extract of the detailed format of quarterly results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations 2015. The full format of the quarterly and half yearly financial results are available on the stock exchange website's i.e., National Stock Exchange (www.nseindia.com) and BSE Limited(www.bseindia.com) and can be accessed on the website of the Company (www.fusionfin.com).

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Fusion Finance Limited
Sd/-
Devesh Sachdev
MD & CEO
DIN: 02547111

Place: Gurugram
Date : November 15, 2024